



LD470WUB

Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary Specification

(●) Final Specification

Title	47.0" WUXGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	Conrac
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG DISPLAY Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LD470WUB
SUFFIX	SCE1(RoHS Verified)

*When you obtain standard approval,
please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE	DATE
/		
/		
/		

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with
your signature and comments.

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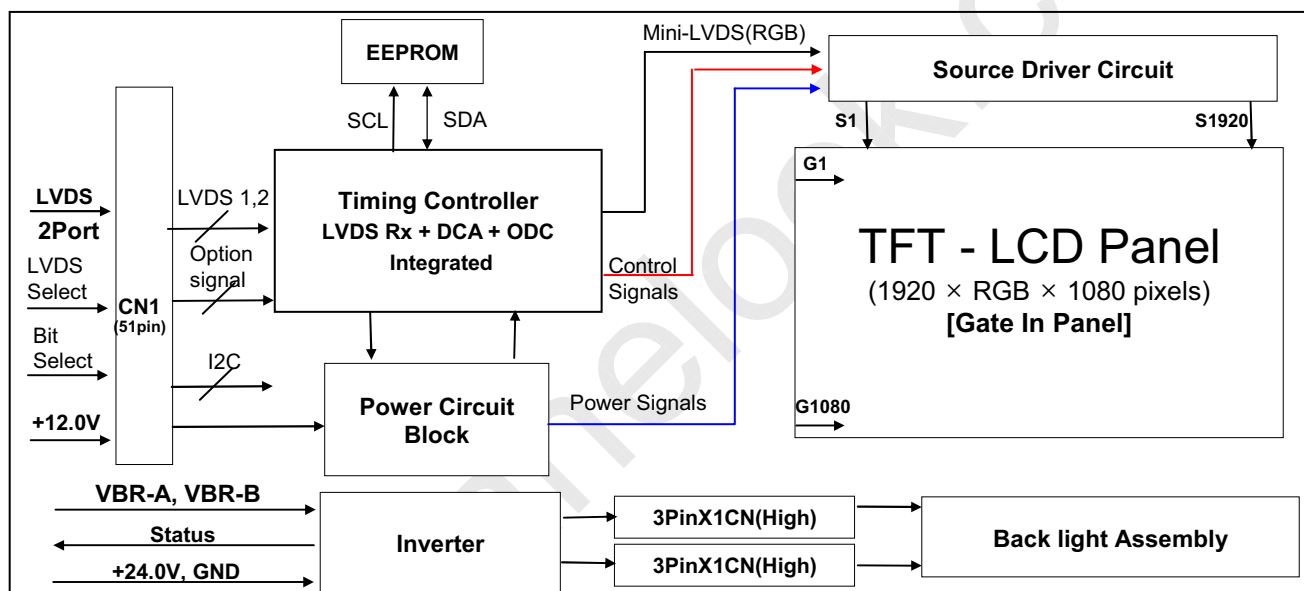
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1. General Description

The LD470WUB is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 46.96 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 1.07 Billion colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 2-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support Public Display where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	46.96 inch (1192.87mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	1068.0(H) x 613.2(V) x 54.7 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.5415 mm x 0.5415 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10Bit (D), 1.07 Billion colors
Luminance, White	700 cd/m ² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 219.84W (Typ.) [Logic=6.84 W, Backlight=213W(V _{BR-A} =1.65V)]
Weight	14.5 Kg (Typ.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Anti-reflection treatment of the front polarizer (Reflectance : < 2%)
Possible Display Type	Landscape and Portrait Enabled

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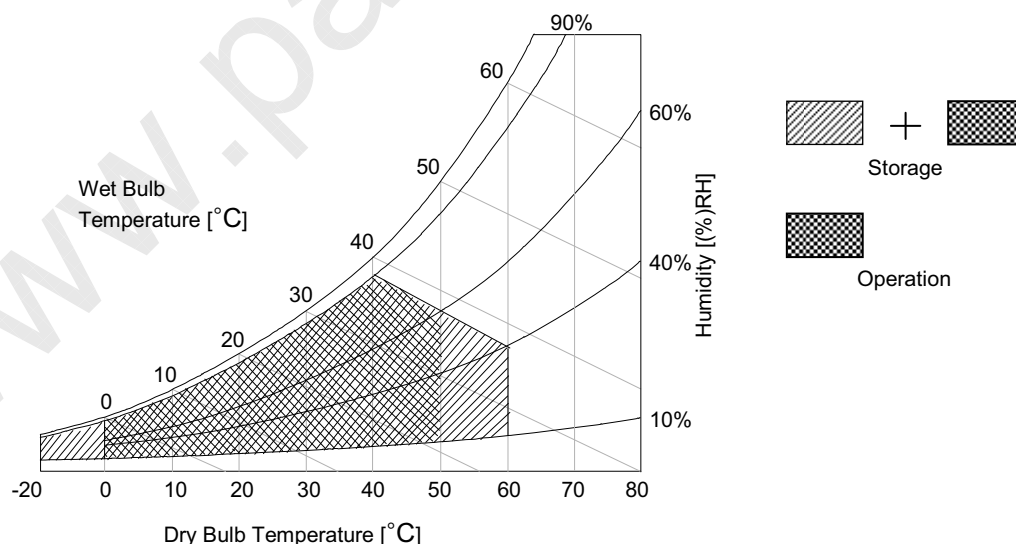
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Value		Unit	Remark
			Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	LCM	V _{LCD}	-0.3	+14.0	V _{DC}	at 25 ± 2 °C
	Backlight inverter	V _{BL}	-0.3	+27.0	V _{DC}	
ON/OFF Control Voltage		V _{ON/OFF}	-0.3	+5.5	V _{DC}	
Brightness Control Voltage		V _{BR}	0	+5.0	V _{DC}	
Operating Temperature		T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	
Storage Temperature		T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity		H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	
Storage Humidity		H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	

- Notes
1. Ambient temperature condition (T_a = 25 ± 2 °C)
 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other is used for the CCFL backlight and inverter circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

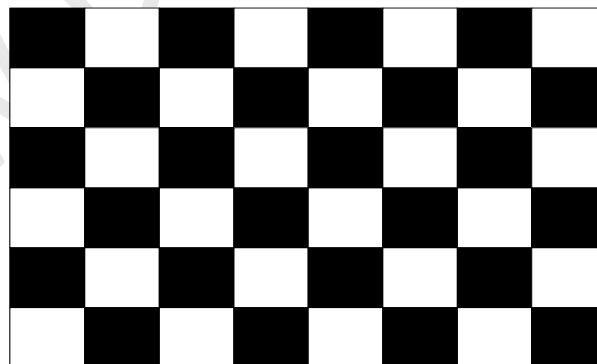
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min	Typ	Max		
Circuit :						
Power Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	11.4	12.0	12.6	V _{DC}	
Power Input Current	I _{LCD}	-	570	740	mA	1
		-	920	1196	mA	2
Power Consumption	P _{LCD}	-	6.84	8.88	Watt	1
Rush current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	5.0	A	3

Notes: 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the $V_{LCD}=12.0V$, $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$, $f_v=60Hz$ condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_v is the frame frequency.

2. The current is specified at maximum current pattern.

3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).

White : 1023Gray
Black : 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)



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Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter			Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
				Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter :								
Power Supply Input Voltage			VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1
Power Supply Input Voltage Ripple				-	-	0.5	Vp-p	1
Power Supply Input Current	After Aging	IBL_A	-	8.9	10.3	A	VBR-A = 1.65V ... 1	
			-	10.0	11.0	A	VBR-A = 3.3V ... 1	
	Before Aging	IBL_B	-	11.0	12.0	A	VBR-A = 1.65V ... 2	
			-	12.0	13.0	A	VBR-A = 3.3V ... 2	
Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush)			Irush	-	-	14.0	A	VBL = 22.8V VBR-B = 3.3V VBR-A = 1.65V
Power Consumption			PBL	-	213	250	W	VBR-A = 1.65V ... 1
Input Voltage for Control System Signals	Brightness Adjust		VBR-A	0.0	1.65	3.3	Vdc	
	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	
		Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	Vdc	
	Brightness Adjust		VBR-B	0	-	3.3	V	
Lamp:								
Discharge Stabilization Time			Ts			3	min	3
Life Time				50,000			Hrs	4

Notes :

- Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V and V_{BR} (V_{BR-A} : 1.65V & V_{BR-B} :3.3V), it is total power consumption.
The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p. LPL recommend Input Voltage is 24.0V ± 5%.
- Electrical characteristics are determined within 30 minutes at 25±2°C.
The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.
- The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%.
TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current.
The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.
- Specified Values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally.
The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current (V_{BR-A} : 1.65V & V_{BR-B} :3.3V), on condition of continuous operating at 25± 2°C
- The duration of rush current is about 10ms.



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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics and Master 14-pin and Slave 12-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RE51S-HF or Equivalent, Refer to below table.

- Mating Connector : FI-RE51HL

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	27	Bit Select	'H' or NC= 10bit(D) , 'L' = 8bit
2	NC	No Connection	28	RE0N	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
3	NC	No Connection	29	RE0P	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
4	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LGD)	30	RE1N	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
5	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LGD)	31	RE1P	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
6	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LGD)	32	RE2N	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA	33	RE2P	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
8	NC	No Connection	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection	35	RECLKN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
10	NC	No Connection	36	RECLKP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	RO0N	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	38	RE3N	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
13	RO0P	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	39	RE3P	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
14	RO1N	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	40	RE4N	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
15	RO1P	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	41	RE4P	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
16	RO2N	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	42	NC	No Connection
17	RO2P	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	43	NC	No Connection
18	GND	Ground	44	NC	No Connection
19	ROCLKN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	45	GND	Ground
20	ROCLKP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	AGP	'H'=AGP, 'L or NC' = NSB
22	RO3N	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	RO3P	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	RO4N	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	RO4P	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	NC	No Connection	-	-	-

Notes:

1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the **EIA 644** Standard.
4. Specific pins(pin No. **#2~#6**) are used for internal data process of the LCD module.
These pins should be no connection.
5. LVDS pin (pin No. **#24,25,40,41**) are used for 10Bit(D) of the LCD module.
If used for 8Bit(R), these pins are no connection.
6. Specific pin No. **#47** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface.
It should be GND or NC for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not.
If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

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3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Master

-Inverter Connector : S14B-PH-SMC (JST)
or Equivalent

- Mating Connector : PHR-14 or Equivalent

Slave

-Inverter Connector : S12B-PH-SMC (JST)
or Equivalent

-Mating Connector : PHR-12 or Equivalent

Table 5. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Slave	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	1
7	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
9	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
11	VBR-A	Analog dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V (Typ : 1.65V)	VBR-A	Don't care	2, 3
12	VON/OFF	0.0V ~ 5.0V	On/Off	Don't care	
13	VBR-B	Burst dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V	VBR-B	-	3
14	Status	Normal : Upper 3.0V Abnormal : Under 0.7V	Status	-	4

Notes : 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. If Pin #11 is open, $V_{BR-A} = 1.65V$. When apply over 1.65V (~ 3.3V) continuously, its luminance is increasing however lamp's life time is decreasing.

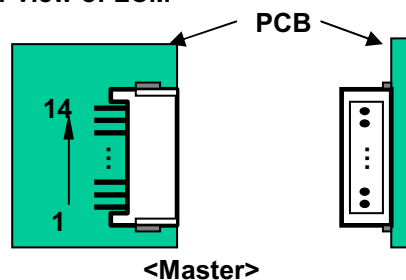
It could be usable for boost up luminance when using DCR (=Dynamic contrast ratio) function only.

3. Minimum Brightness : $V_{BR-B} = 0V$ Maximum Brightness : $V_{BR-B} = 3.3V$

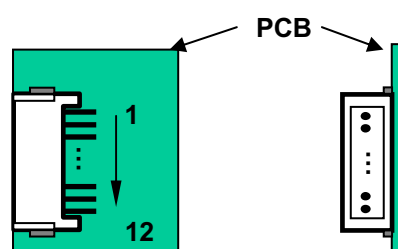
4. Even though Pin #14 is open, there is no effect on inverter operating, The output terminal of inverter.

5. Each impedance of pin #11,12 and 13 is 140[K Ω], 41[K Ω],125[K Ω]

◆ Rear view of LCM



<Master>



<Slave>



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6-1. TIMING TABLE for NTSC (DE Only Mode)

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Horizontal	Display Period	t _{HV}	-	960	-	tclk	
	Blank	t _{HB}	100	140	240	tclk	
	Total	t _{HP}	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2
Vertical	Display Period	t _{VV}	-	1080	-	tHP	
	Blank	t _{VB}	11	45	69	tHP	
	Total	t _{VP}	1091	1125	1149	tHP	
Frequency	DCLK	f _{CLK}	70	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2
	Horizontal	f _H	65	67.5	70	KHz	
	Vertical	f _V	57	60	63	Hz	

Table 6-2. TIMING TABLE for PAL (DE Only Mode)

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Horizontal	Display Period	t _{HV}	-	960	-	tclk	
	Blank	t _{HB}	100	140	240	tclk	
	Total	t _{HP}	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2
Vertical	Display Period	t _{VV}	-	1080	-	tHP	
	Blank	t _{VB}	228	270	300	tHP	
	Total	t _{VP}	1308	1350	1380	tHP	
Frequency	DCLK	f _{CLK}	70	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2
	Horizontal	f _H	65	67.5	70	KHz	
	Vertical	f _V	47	50	53	Hz	

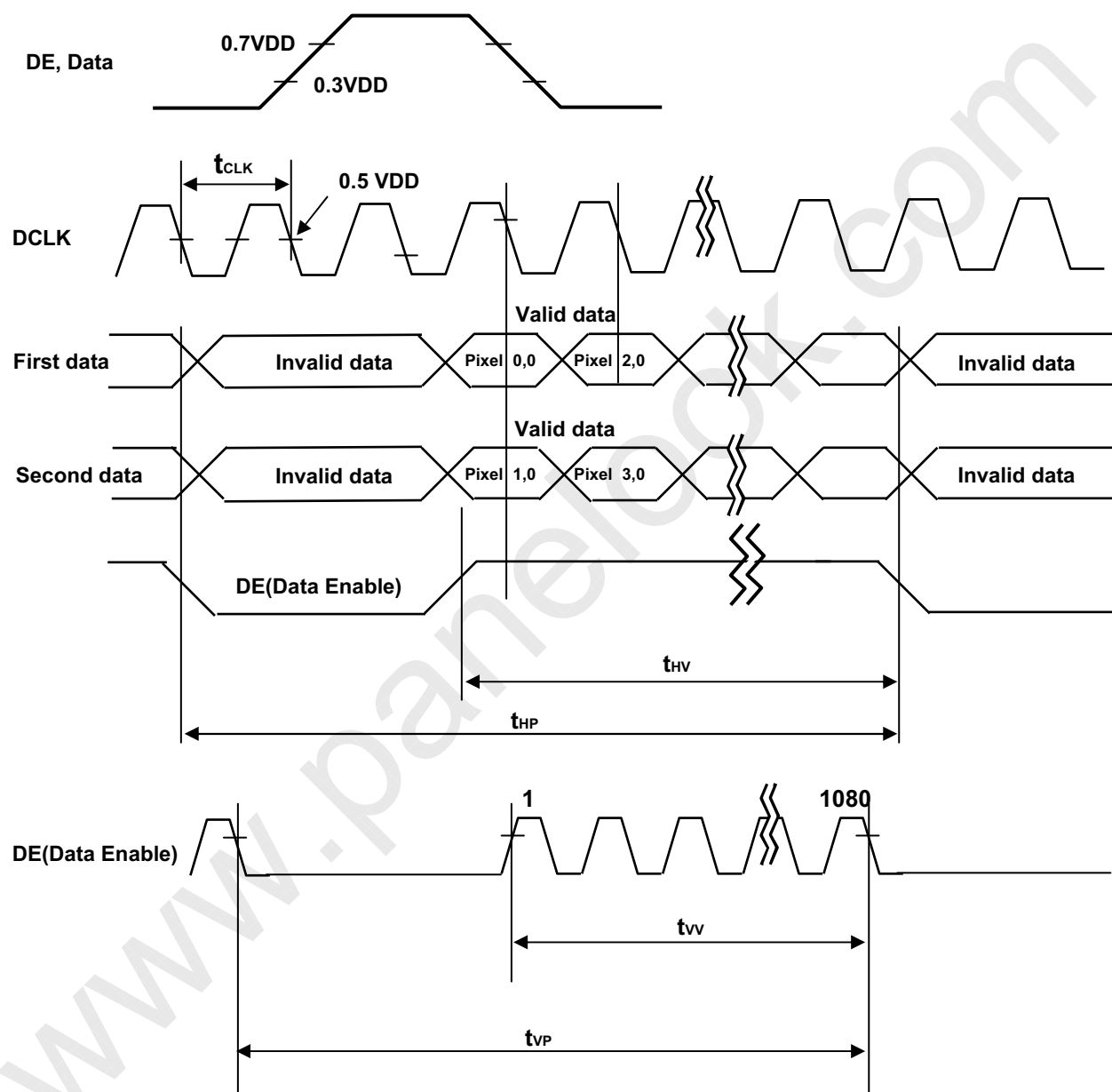
Note The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.

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3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram

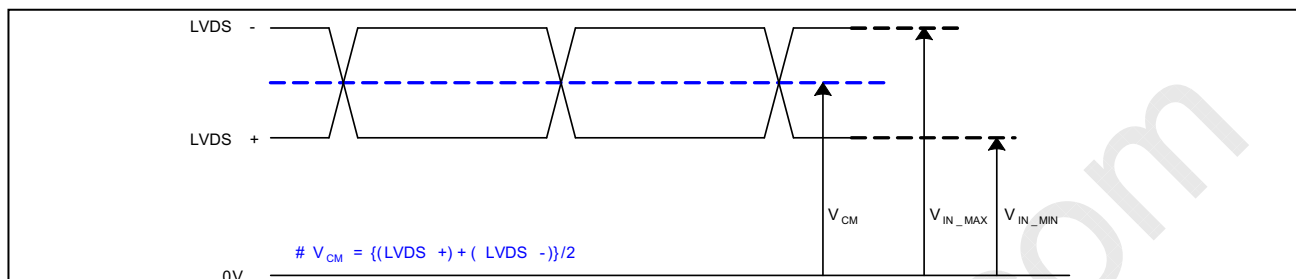


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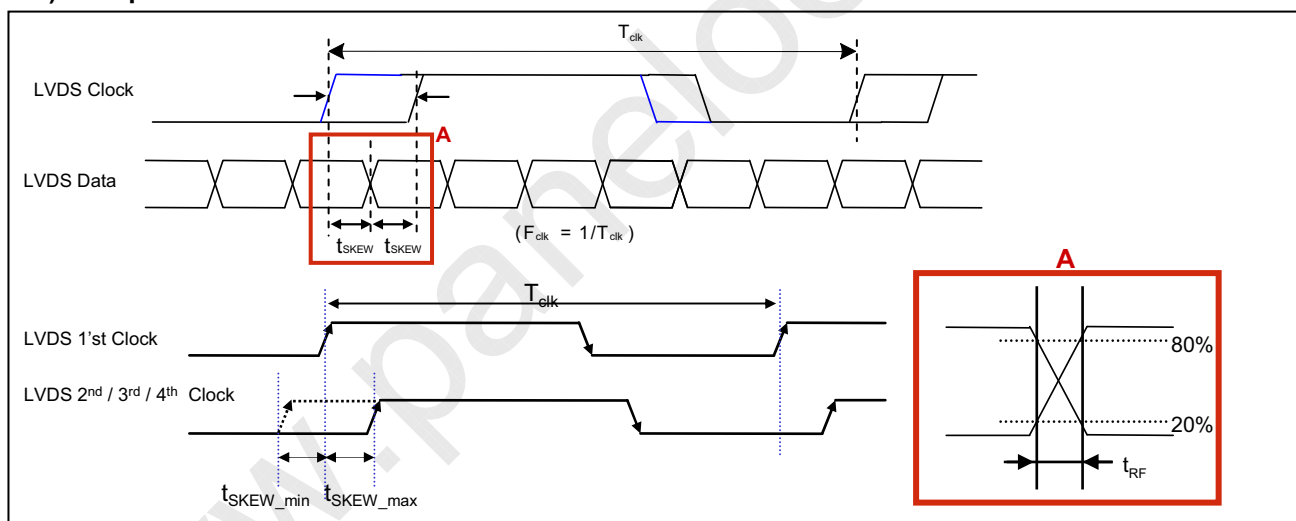
3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode Voltage	ΔV_{CM}		250	mV	-

2) AC Specification



Description		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
LVDS Differential Voltage	High Threshold	V _{TH}	100	300	mV	3
	Low Threshold	V _{TL}	-300	-100	mV	
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin		t _{SKEW}		(0.25*T _{clk}) / 7	ps	-
LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Falling time		t _{RF}	260	(0.3*T _{clk}) / 7	ps	2
Effective time of LVDS		t _{eff}	±360		ps	-
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)		t _{SKEW EO}		1/7* T _{clk}	T _{clk}	-

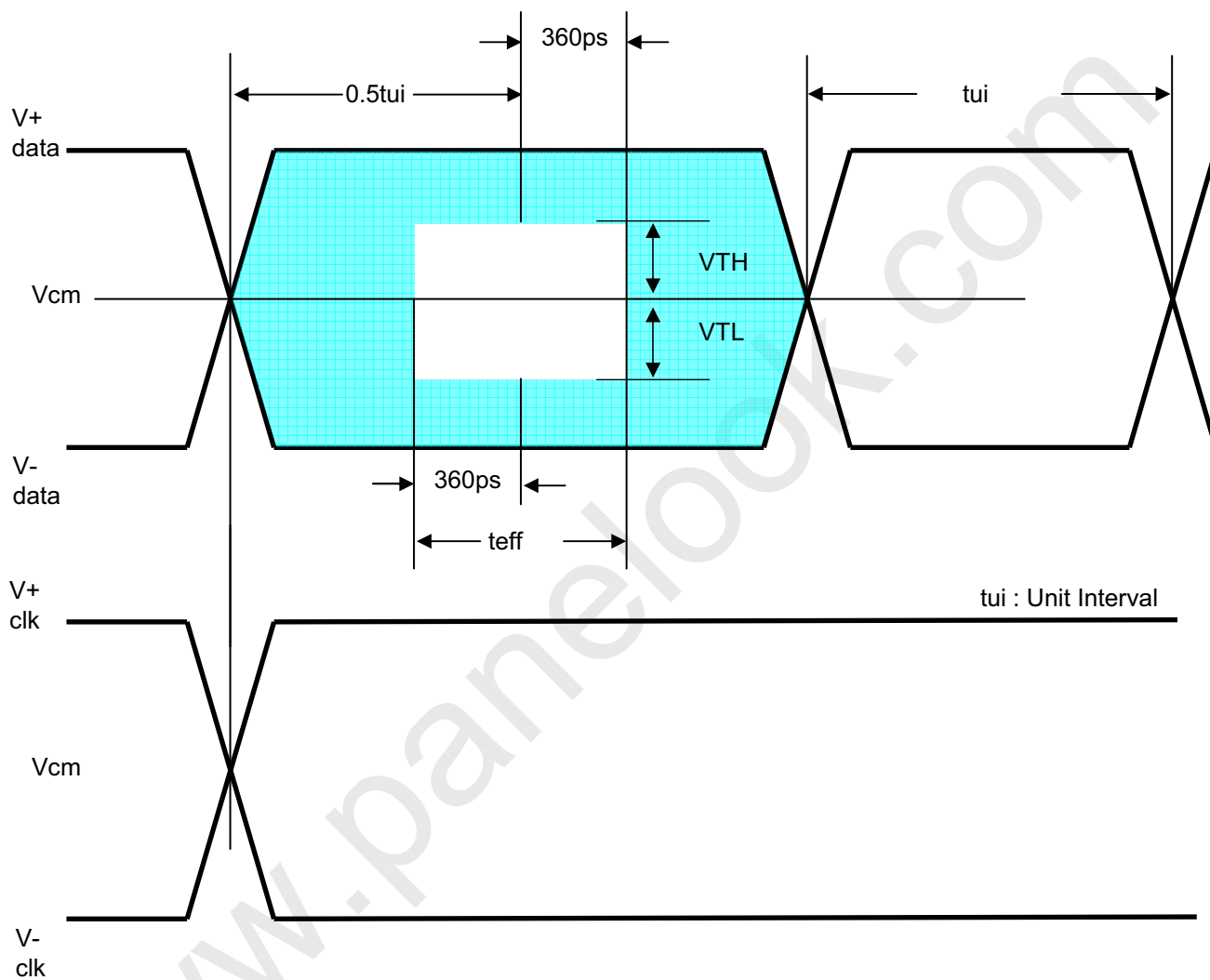
Note 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. If t_{RF} isn't enough, t_{eff} should be meet the range.

3. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within t_{eff}

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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 8 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																															
		RED										GREEN										BLUE											
		MSB					LSB					MSB					LSB					MSB					LSB						
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0		
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
RED	RED (0000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	RED (0001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	...																																
	RED (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	RED (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
GREEN	GREEN(0000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	GREEN(0001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	...																																
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
BLUE	BLUE (0000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	BLUE (0001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		
	...																																
	BLUE (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	BLUE (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

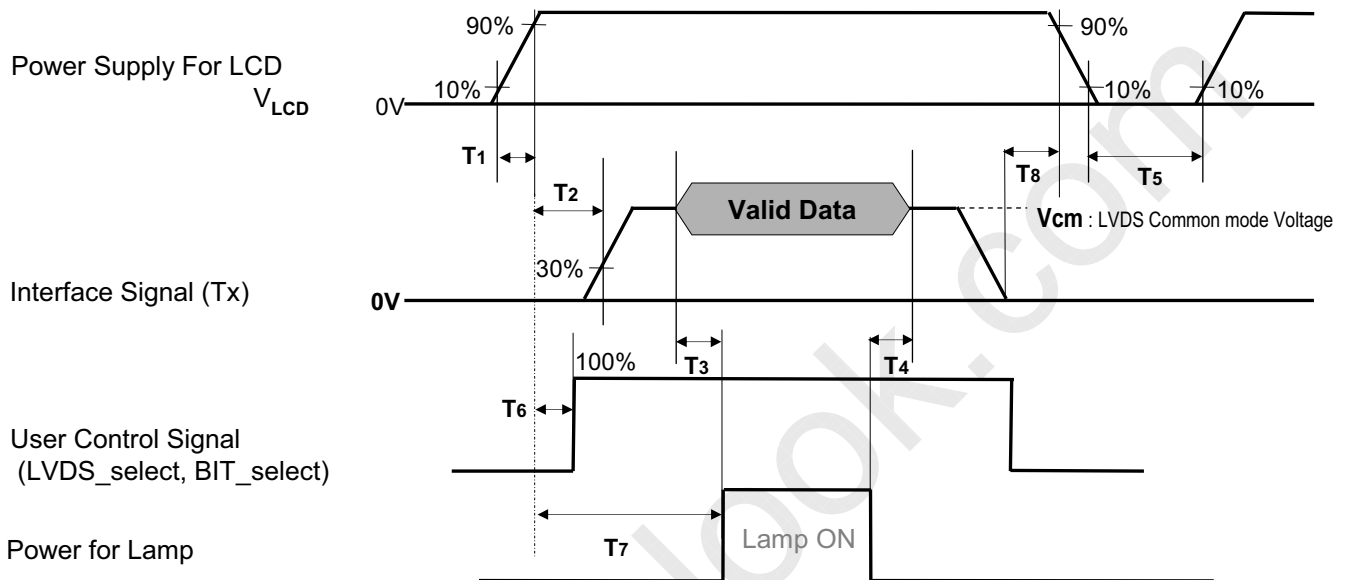


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

Parameter	Value			Unit	Notes
	Min	Typ	Max		
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	
T2	0	-	-	ms	4
T3	200	-	-	ms	3
T4	200	-	-	ms	3
T5	1.0	-	-	s	5
T6	-	-	T2	ms	4
T7	0.5	-	-	s	
T8	100	-	-	ms	6

Note : 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

2. When the power supply for LCD (V_{LCD}) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.

3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.

4. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.

5. T5 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

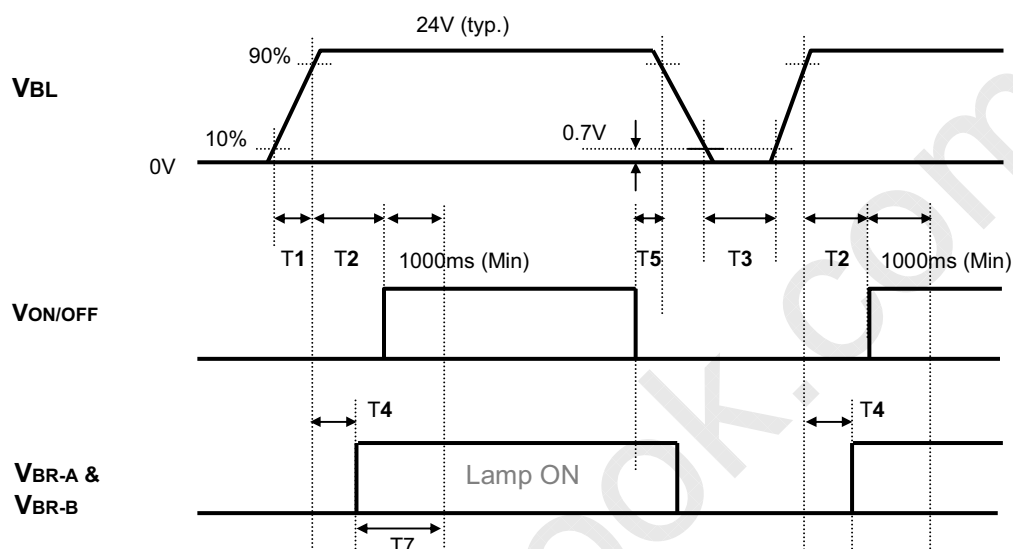
6. It is recommendation specification that T8 has to be 100ms as a minimum value.

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Product Specification

3-6-2. Sequence for Inverter

Power Supply For Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

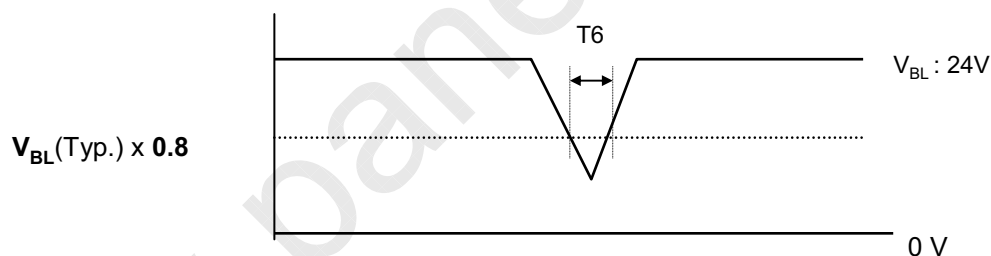


Table 10. Power Sequence for Inverter

Parameter	Values			Units	Remarks
	Min	Typ	Max		
T1	20	-	-	ms	1
T2	500	-	-	ms	
T3	200	-	-	ms	
T4	0	-	-	ms	2
T5	10	-	-	ms	
T6	-	-	10	ms	$V_{BL}(Typ) \times 0.8$
T7	1000	-	-	ms	3

Notes : 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time.

2. T4(max) is less than T2.

3. In T7 section, V_{BR-B} is recommended 3.3V & $V_{BR-A} = 1.65V$

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Product Specification

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

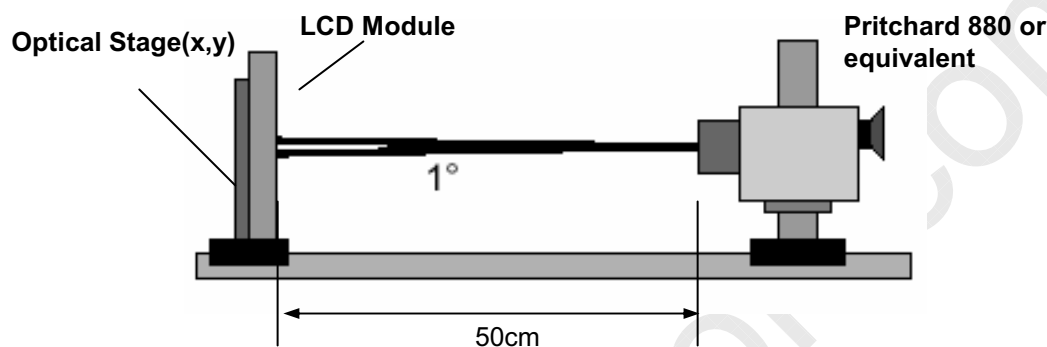


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

$T_a = 25\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{LCD}} = 12.0\text{V}$, $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$,
 $\text{Dclk} = 74.25\text{MHz}$, $\text{VBR_A} = 1.65\text{V}$, $\text{VBR_B} = 3.3\text{V}$

Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol		Value			Unit	Note
				Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio		CR		1000	1200	-		1
Surface Luminance, white		L _{WH}		550	700	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation		δ _{WHITE}	5P	-	-	1.3		3
Response Time	Gray-to-Gray	G to G		-	9	15	ms	4
Color Coordinates [CIE1931]	RED	Rx		Typ -0.03	0.639	Typ +0.03		
		Ry			0.334			
	GREEN	Gx			0.290			
		Gy			0.606			
	BLUE	Bx			0.146			
		By			0.058			
	WHITE	Wx			0.279			
		Wy			0.292			
Viewing Angle (CR>10)								
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θr		89	-	-	degree	5
	x axis, left (φ=180°)	θl		89	-	-		
	y axis, up (φ=90°)	θu		89	-	-		
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θd		89	-	-		
Gray Scale				-	-	-		6



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Product Specification

Notes :1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CR_n (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

$$CR_n = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels}}$$

n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG. 2.

2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 60min after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.

3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta \text{ WHITE}(5P) = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5})$$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations .

For more information, see the FIG. 2.

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)

※ G to G Spec is average of measured time (N, M = 0 (Black) ~ 1023(White), 128 gray step).

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.

6. Gray scale specification

Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 12.

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
L0	0.07
L63	0.27
L127	1.04
L191	2.49
L255	4.68
L319	7.66
L383	11.5
L447	16.1
L511	21.6
L575	28.1
L639	35.4
L703	43.7
L767	53.0
L831	63.2
L895	74.5
L959	86.7
L1023	100

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Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

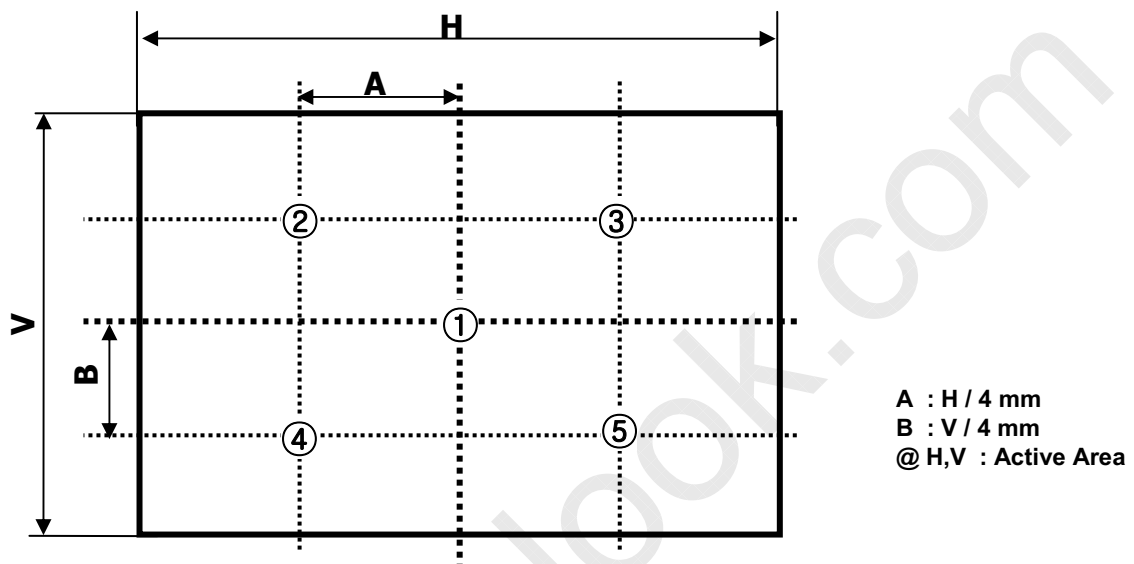


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

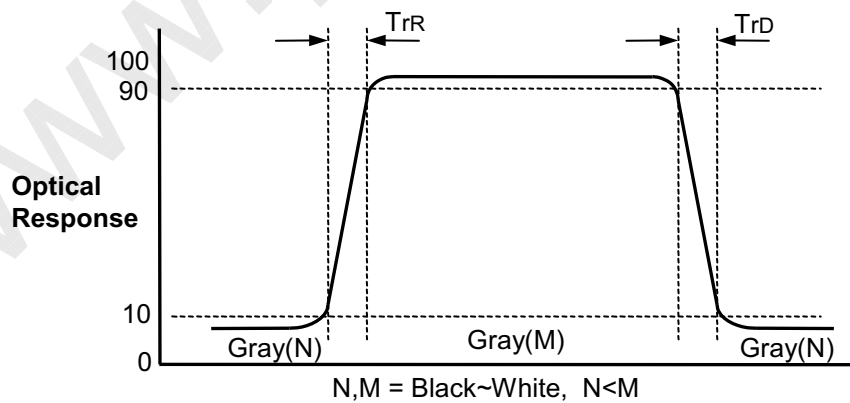


FIG. 3 Response Time

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Product Specification

Dimension of viewing angle range

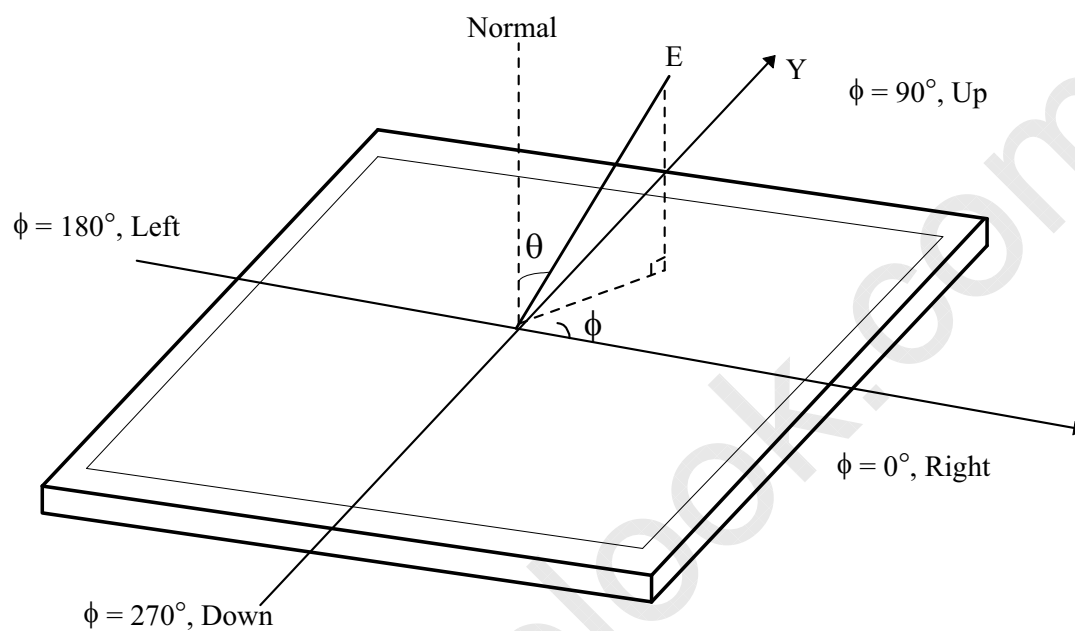


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

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5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 13 provides general mechanical characteristics.

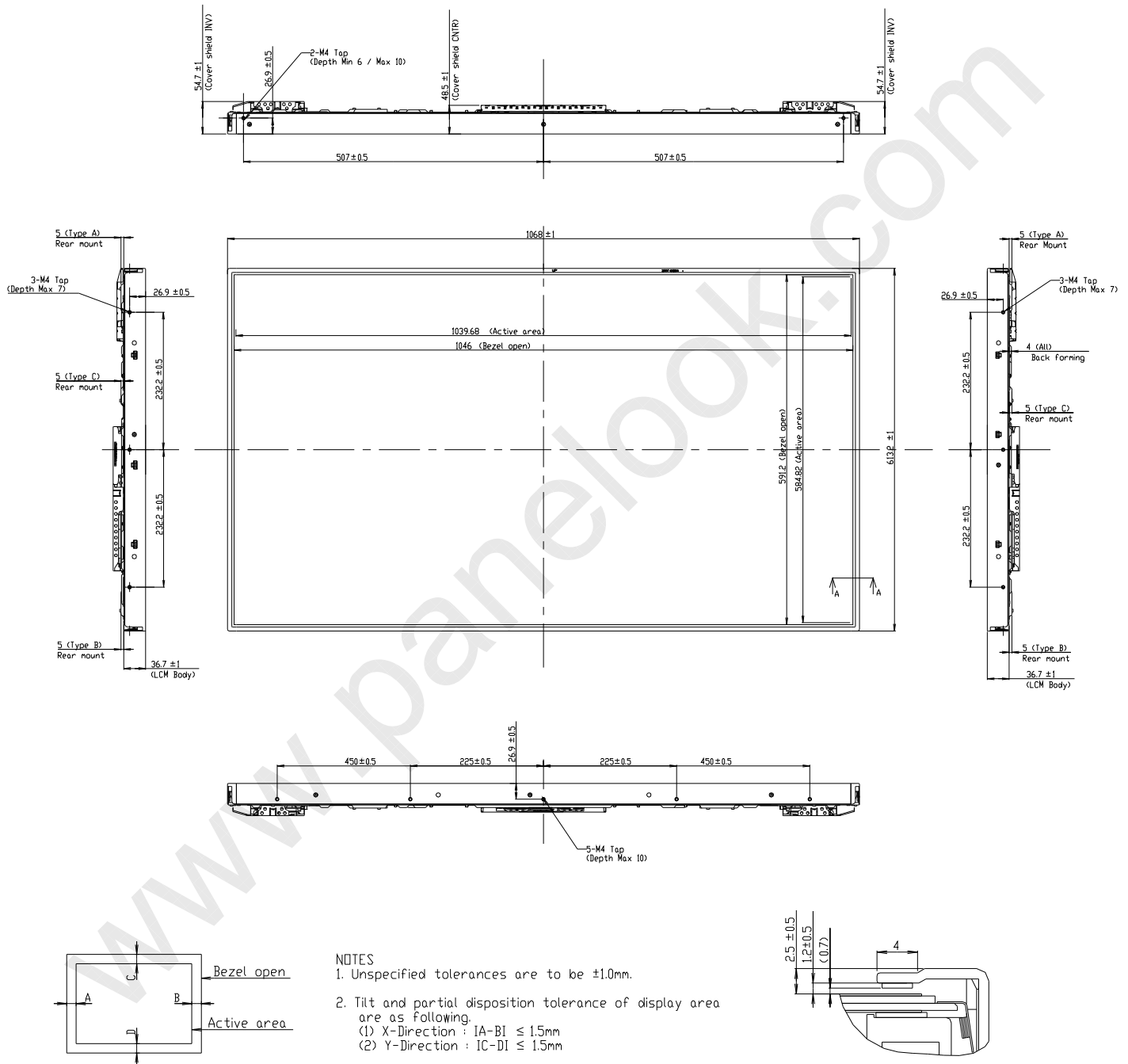
Table 13. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Value	
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	1068.0 mm
	Vertical	613.2 mm
	Depth	54.7 mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	1046 mm
	Vertical	591.2 mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1039.68 mm
	Vertical	584.82 mm
Weight	14.5 Kg (Typ.), 16.5 Kg (Max.)	

Note : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>

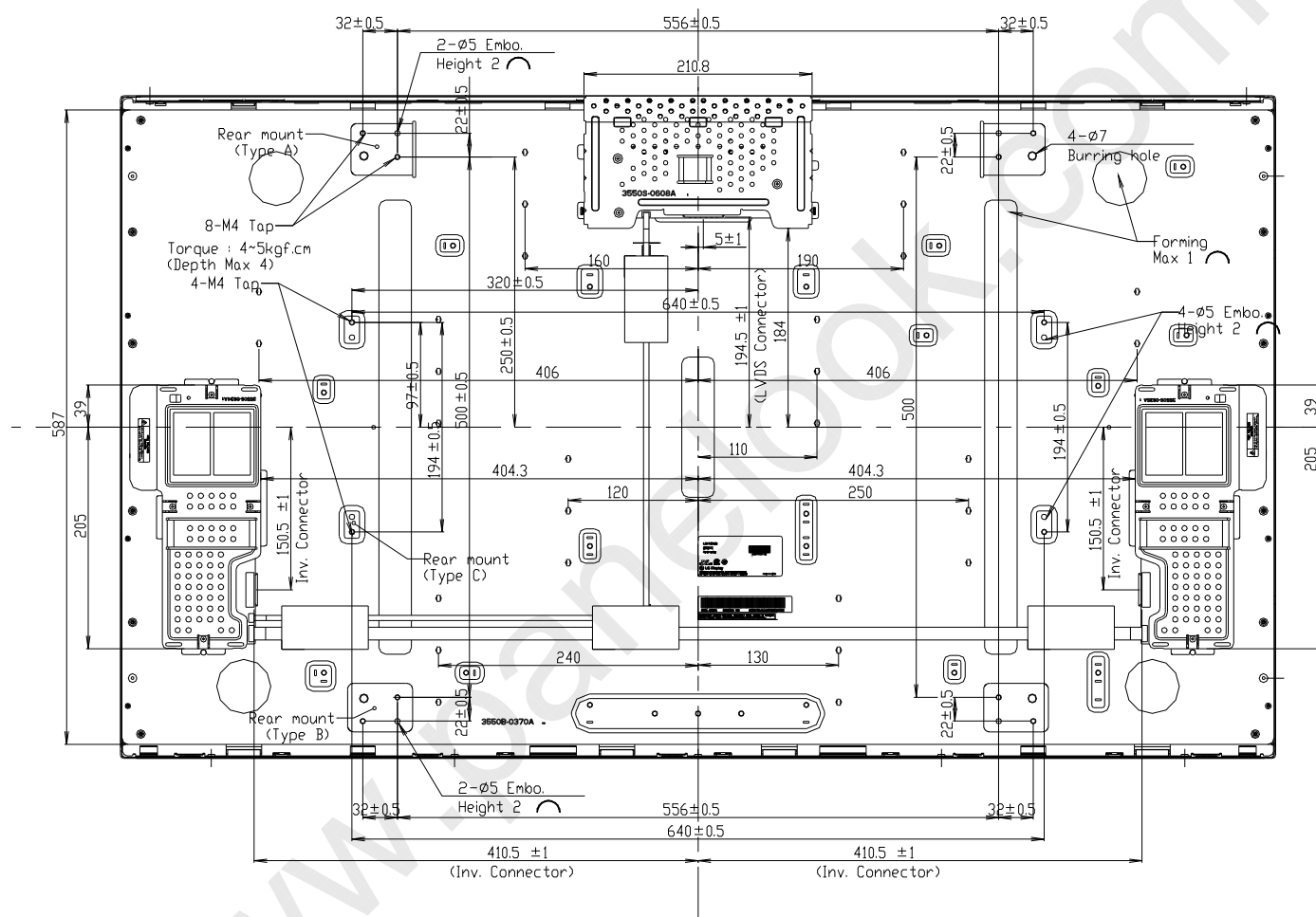


DETAIL A

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Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



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6. Reliability

Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 30 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level :50G(X,Y axis) , 35G(Z axis) Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : ± X, ± Y, ± Z One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C, 90%RH
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 15,000 feet 0 - 40,000 feet

Note : Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.



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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2001, First Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and
Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI),
1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound
and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information
Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and
Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information
Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization.(CENELEC),
1988(Including A1:2000)

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Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) LCM Label

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

D : YEAR

F : PANEL CODE

H : ASSEMBLY CODE

E : MONTH

G : FACTORY CODE

I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

b) Location of LCM Label

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one Pallet : 12 pcs

b) Pallet Size : 1220mm(W) X 1140mm(D) X 860mm(H)



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Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.
(if not, it can cause conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) It is recommended to avoid the signal cable and conductive material over the inverter transformer for it can cause the abnormal display and temperature rising.
- (11) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5℃). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic



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Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9-7. Appropriate Condition for Public Display

- Generally large-sized LCD modules are designed for consumer applications (TV).

Accordingly, a long-term display like in Public Display (PD) application, can cause uneven display including image sticking. To optimize module's lifetime and function, several operating usages are required.

1. Normal operating condition

- Temperature: 0 ~ 40°C
 - Operating Ambient Humidity : 10 ~ 90 %
 - Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)
- Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.

2. Operating usages under abnormal condition

a. Ambient condition

- Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up PD system.

b. Power and screen save

- Periodical power-off or screen save is needed after long-term display.



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3. Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display

- a. Suitable operating time: under 18 hours a day.
- b. Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
 - Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- c. Background and character (image) color change
 - Use different colors for background and character, respectively.
 - Change colors themselves periodically.
- d. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
 - 1) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.
 - 2) Black image or moving image is strongly recommended as a screen save.

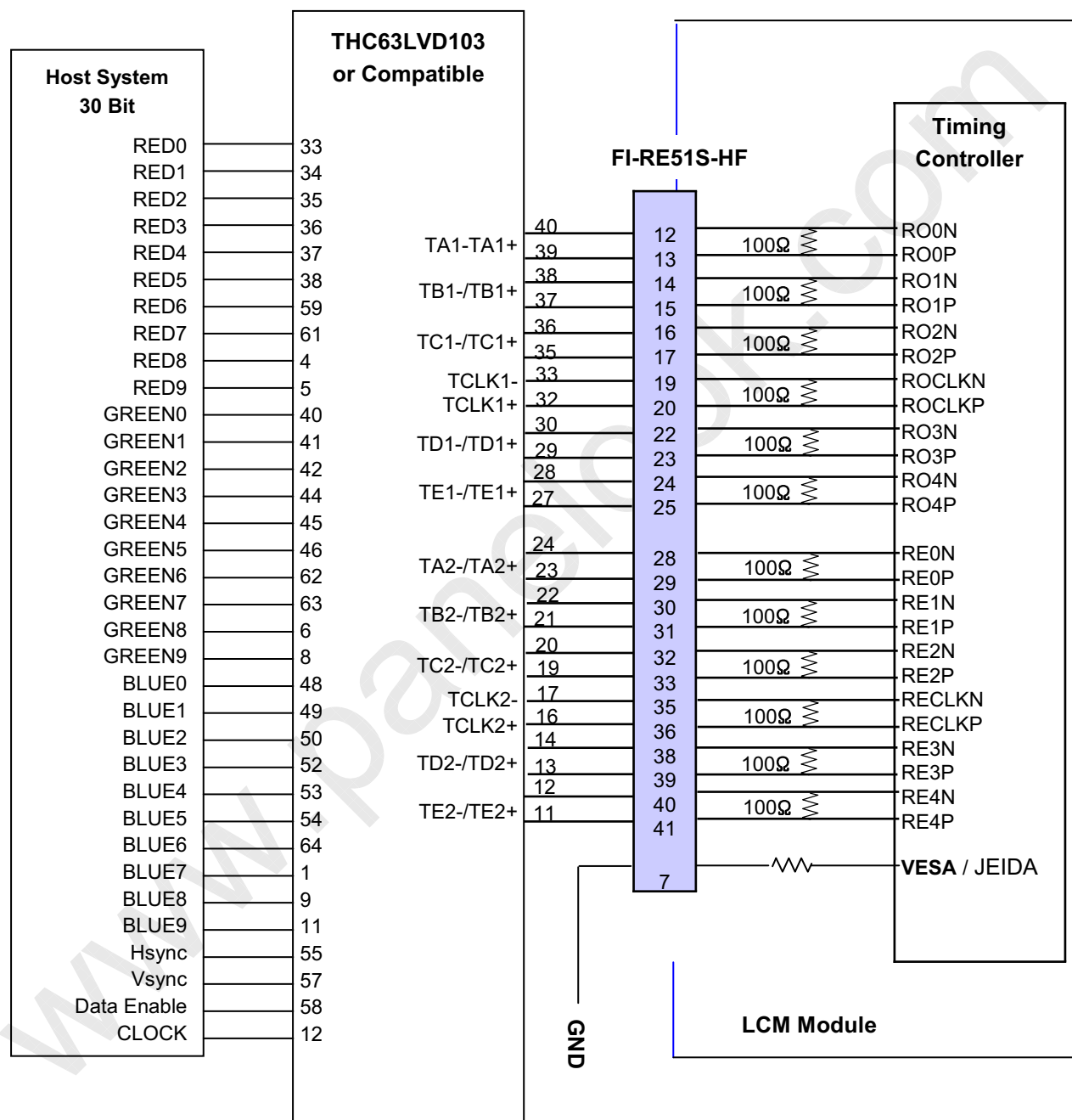
4. Lifetime in this spec. is guaranteed only when PD is used according to operating usages.

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Product Specification

APPENDIX-I-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7="L or NC")



Note: 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm[Ω] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)

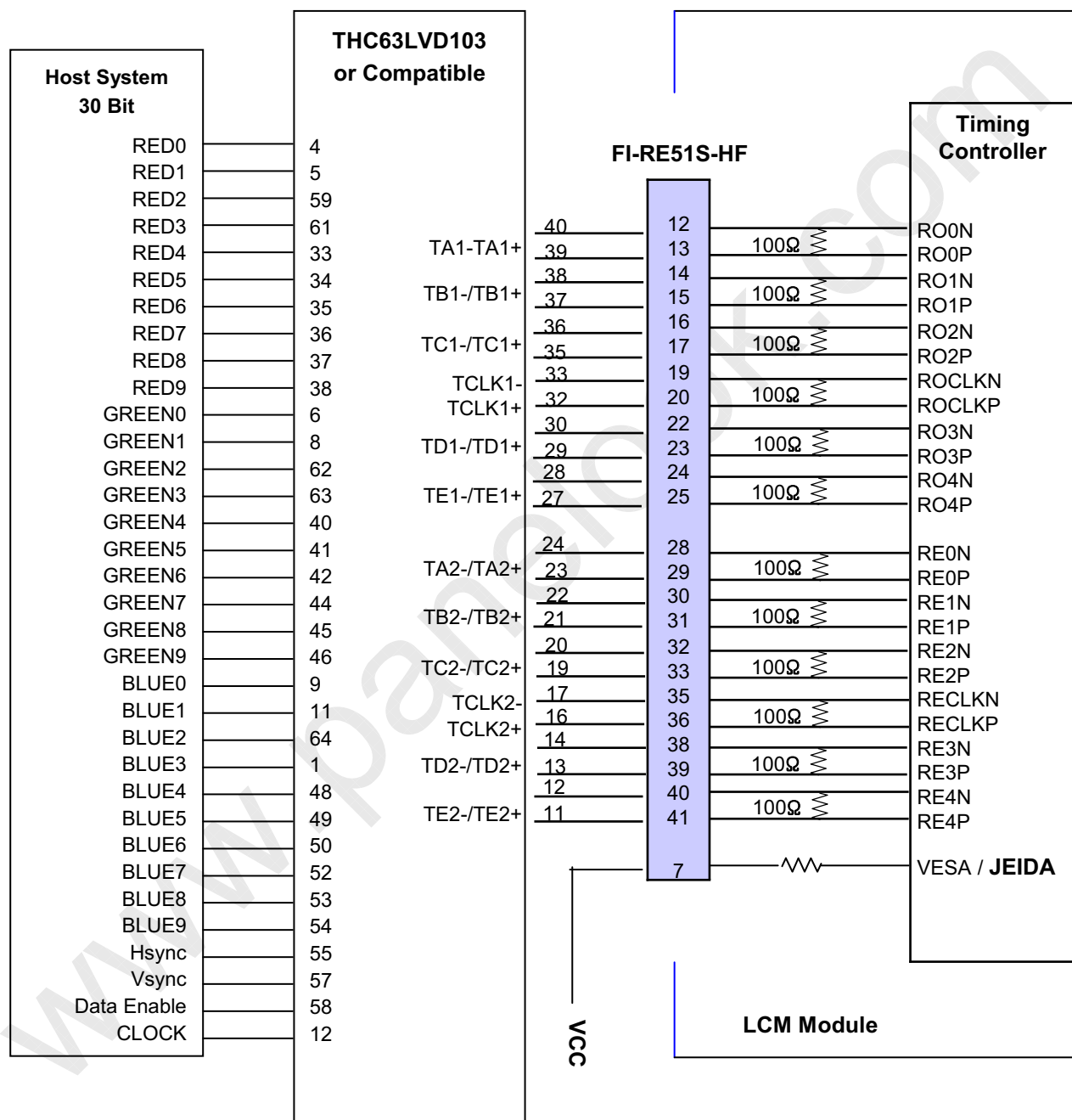
3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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Product Specification

APPENDIX-I-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7="H")



Note :1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm[Ω] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)

3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

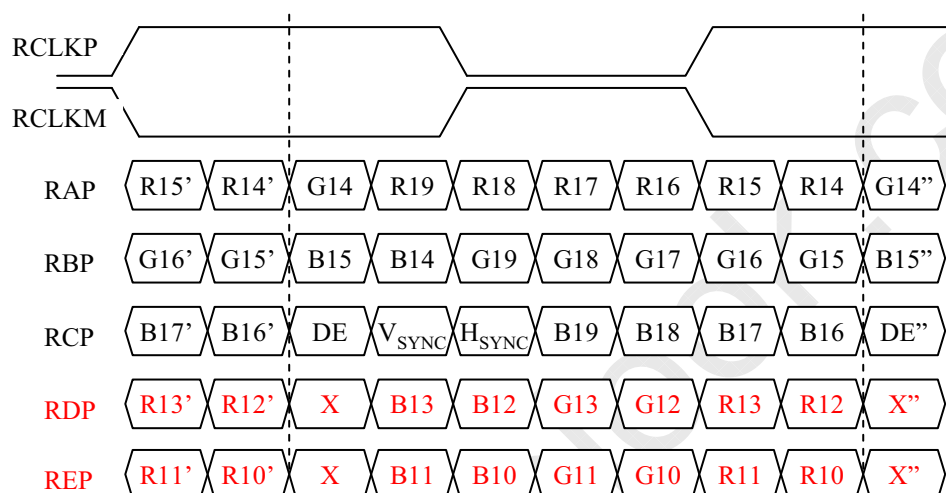
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Product Specification

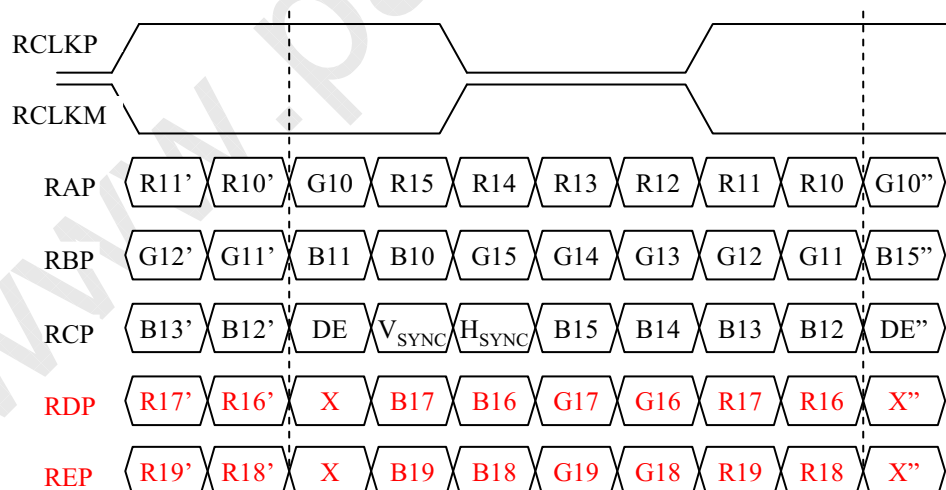
APPENDIX- II-1

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (10bit)

■ LVDS Select : “H” Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select : “L” Data-Mapping (VESA format)



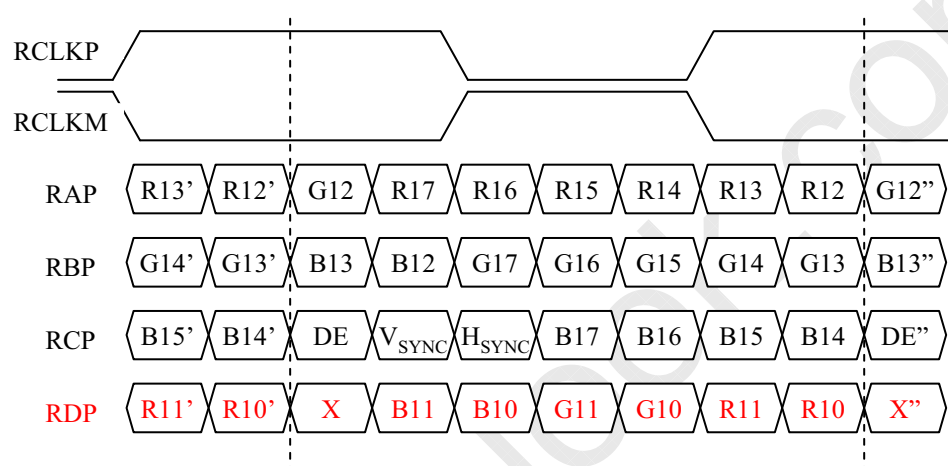
LD470WUB

Product Specification

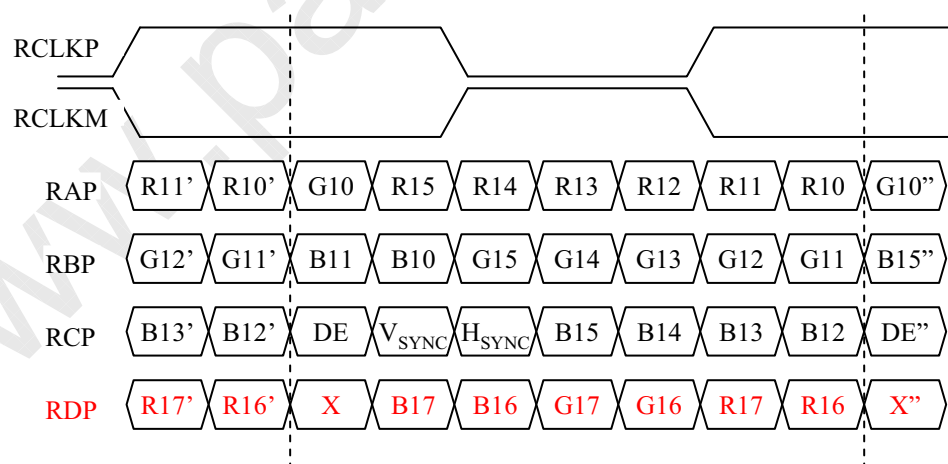
APPENDIX- II-2

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (8bit)

■ LVDS Select : “H” Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select : “L” Data-Mapping (VESA format)

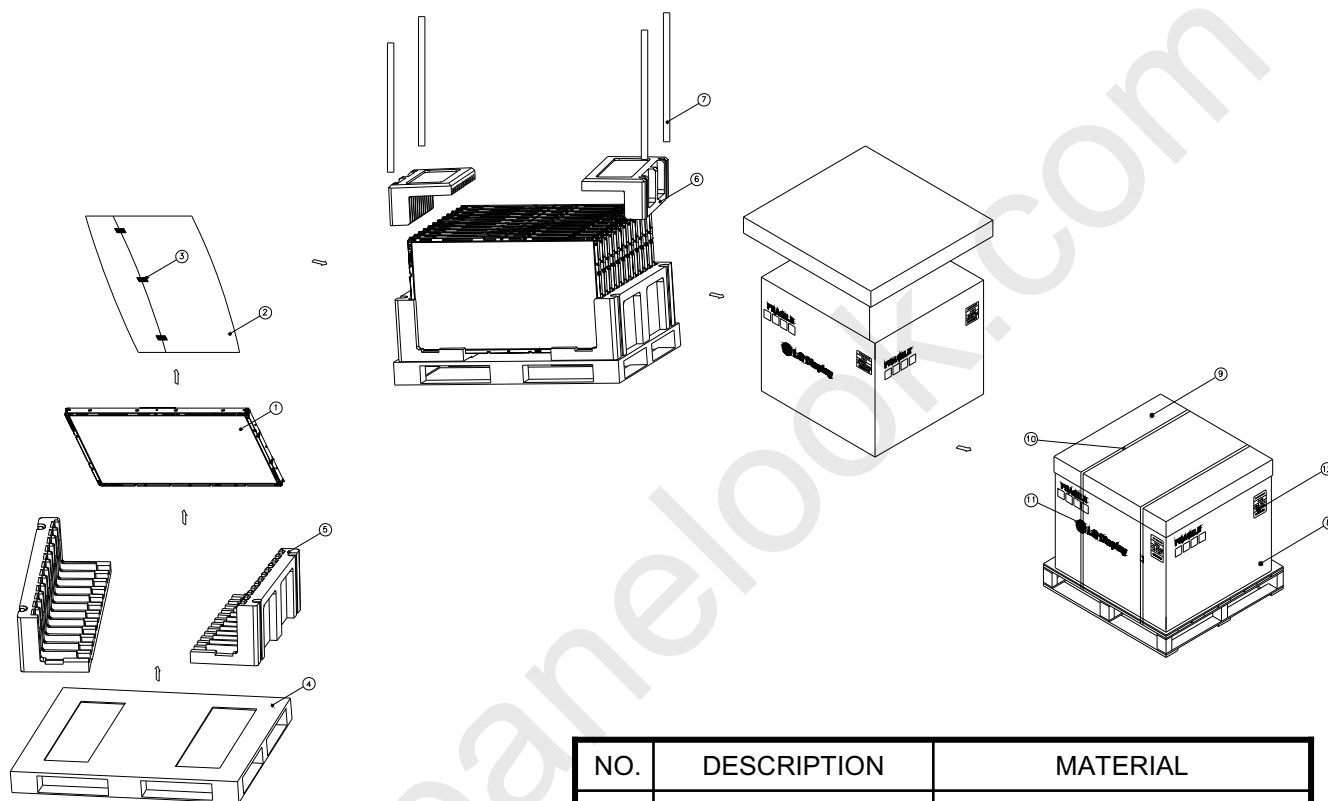


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Product Specification

APPENDIX-III

■ Pallet Ass'y



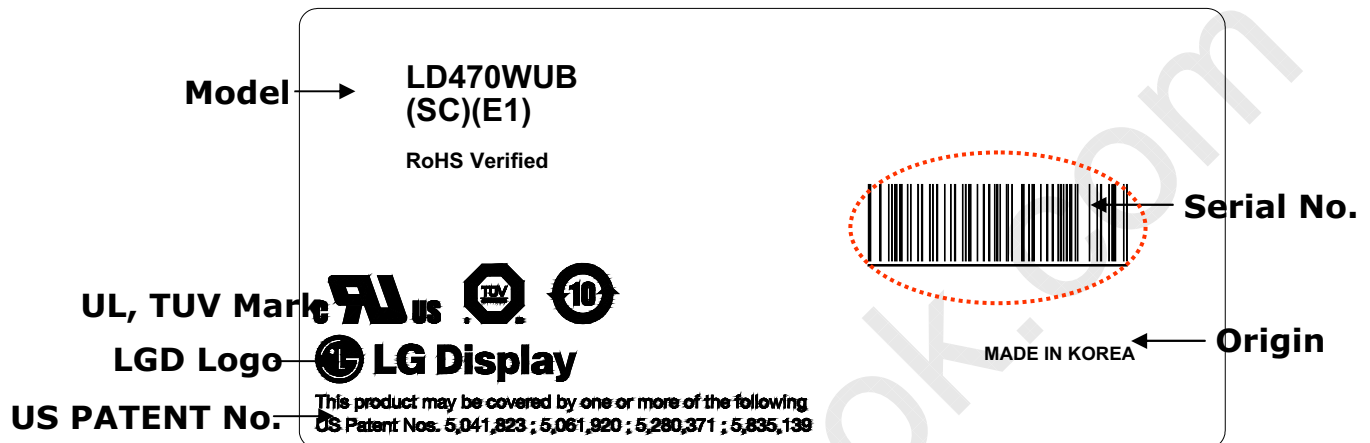
NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	47INCH
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MMX50M
4	PALLET	PAPER 1300X1140X130MM
5	PACKING,BOTTOM	EPS
6	PACKING, TOP	EPS
7	ANGLE,POST	PAPER
8	ANGLE,PACKING	PAPER
9	BAND,CLIP	STEEL
10	BAND	PP
11	LABEL	YUPO 80G 100X100

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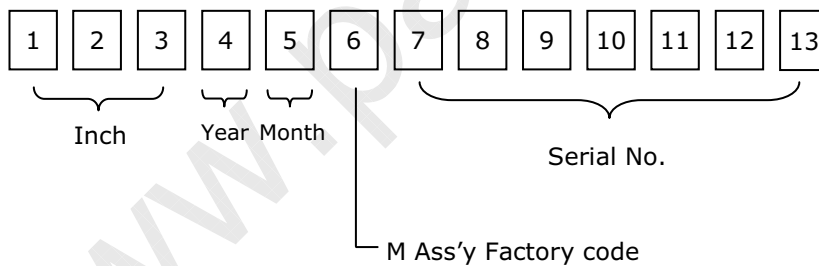
Product Specification

APPENDIX-IV

■ LCM Label



■ Serial No. (See CAS 26page for more information)

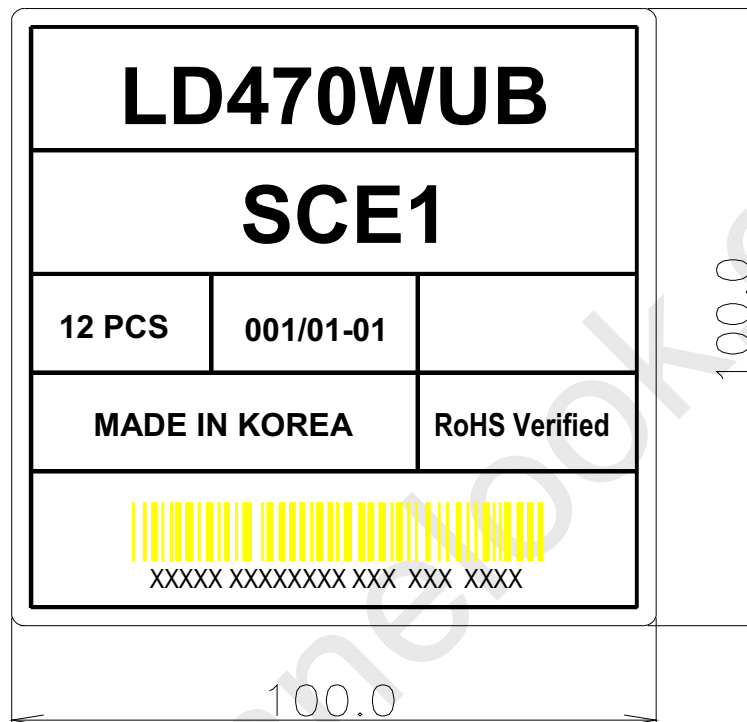


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Product Specification

APPENDIX- V

■ Pallet Label

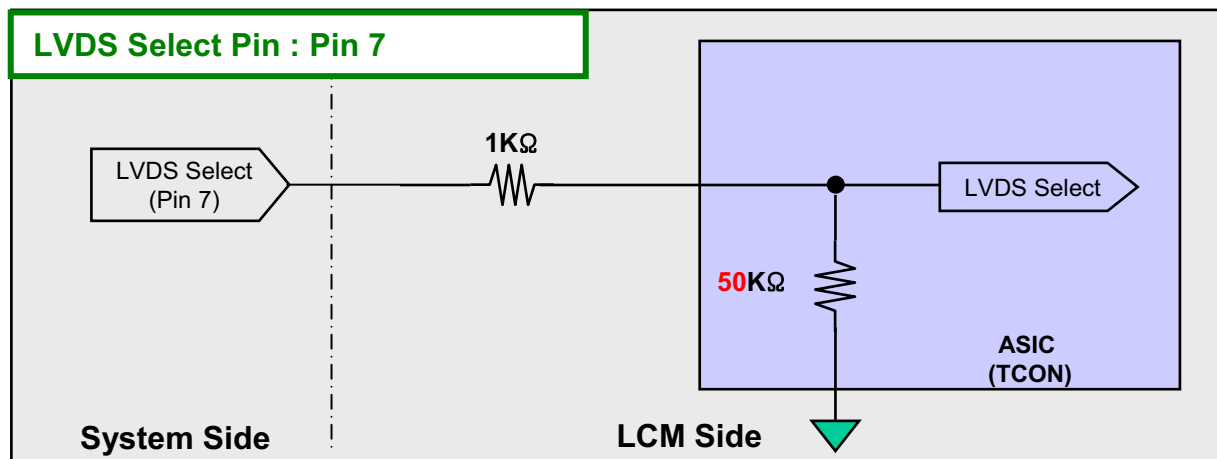
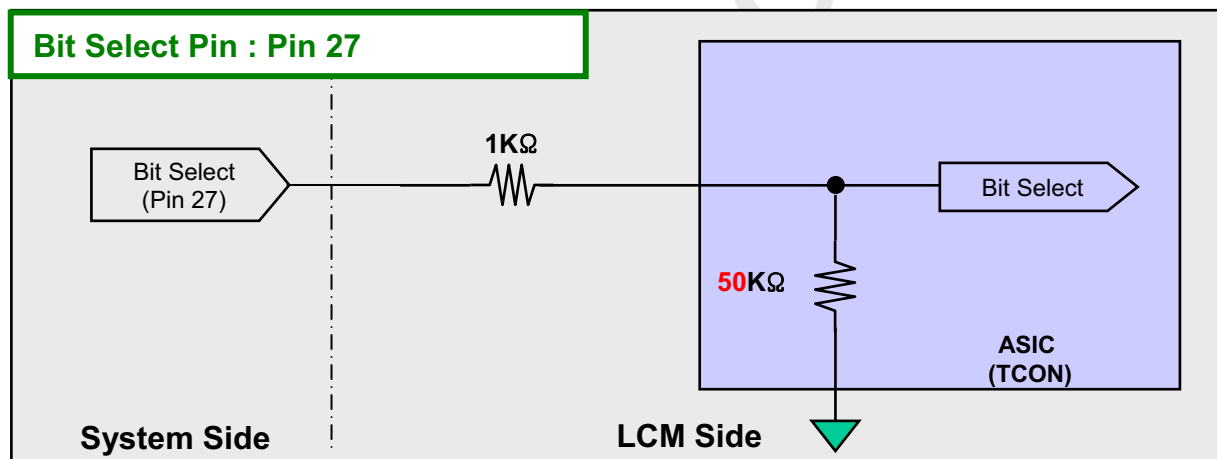


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Product Specification

APPENDIX- VI

■ Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

1) Circuit Block Diagram of **LVDS Format** Selection pin2) Circuit Block Diagram of **Bit Format** Selection pin3) Circuit Block Diagram of **AGP Option** Selection pin